## **Programmable Precision Reference**

# TL431Z

### Description

The TL431Z is a three-terminal adjustable regulator series with a guaranteed thermal stability over applicable temperature ranges. The output voltage may be set to any value between Vref (approximately 2.5 volts) and 40 volts with two external resistors. These devices have a typical dynamic output impedance of  $0.2\Omega$ . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making these devices excellent replacement for zener diodes in many applications.The TL431Z is characterized for operation from -  $25^{\circ}$ C to + $85^{\circ}$ C.

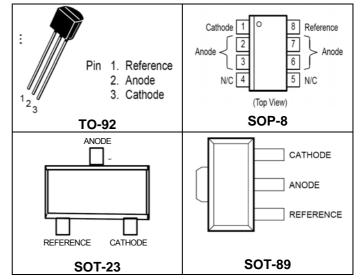
## Features

- Programmable Output Voltage to 40V
- Low Dynamic Output Impedance  $0.2\Omega$
- Sink Current Capability of 0.1 mA to 100 mA
- Equivalent Full-Range Temperature Coefficient of 50 ppm/°C
- Temperature Compensated for Operation over Full Rated Operating Temperature Range
- Low Output Noise Voltage
- Fast Turn on Response
- TO-92, SOP- 8, SOT-23, SOT-89 packages

## **Ordering Information**

| Product Number | Reference Input Voltage | Package |  |
|----------------|-------------------------|---------|--|
| TL431ZCLF      |                         | TO-92   |  |
| TL431ZCLS      |                         | 10-92   |  |
| TL431ZCD       | 0.5%                    | 8-SOP   |  |
| TL431ZCS       |                         | SOT-23  |  |
| TL431ZCP       |                         | SOT-89  |  |
| TL431ZALF      |                         | TO-92   |  |
| TL431ZALS      |                         | 10-92   |  |
| TL431ZAD       | 1%                      | 8-SOP   |  |
| TL431ZAS       |                         | SOT-23  |  |
| TL431ZAP       |                         | SOT-89  |  |
| TL431ZLF       |                         | TO-92   |  |
| TL431ZLS       |                         | 10-92   |  |
| TL431ZD        | 2%                      | 8-SOP   |  |
| TL431ZS        |                         | SOT-23  |  |
| TL431ZP        |                         | SOT-89  |  |



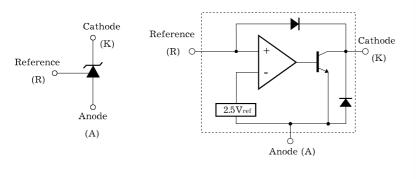


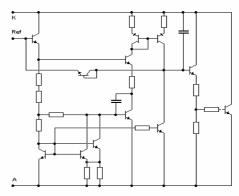
**Pin Connections** 

## Rev. 01

## Functional Block Diagram

## **Equivalent Schematic**





## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Operating temperature range applies unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic                                   | Symbol           | Value      | Unit |
|--|------------------|------------|------|
| Cathode Voltage                                  | V <sub>KA</sub>  | 44         | V    |
| Cathode Current Range (Continuous)               | Ι <sub>Κ</sub>   | -100 ~ 150 | mA   |
| Reference Input Current Range                    | I <sub>REF</sub> | 0.05 ~ 10  | mA   |
| Power Dissipation at 25°C:                       | P <sub>D</sub>   |            |      |
| SOP, TO – 92 Package                             |                  |            |      |
| $(R_{\theta JA} = 178^{\circ}C/W)$               |                  | 0.7        | W    |
| SOT Package ( $R_{\theta JA} = 625^{\circ}C/W$ ) |                  | 0.2        | W    |
| Junction Temperature Range                       | TJ               | -25 ~ 150  | °C   |
| Operating Temperature Range                      | Tg               | -25 ~ 85   | ٥C   |
| Storage Temperature Range                        | T <sub>stg</sub> | -65 ~ 150  | °C   |

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

| Characteristic           | Symbol          | Min       | Тур | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----|-----|------|
| Cathode to Anode Voltage | V <sub>KA</sub> | $V_{REF}$ |     | 40  | V    |
| Cathode Current          | Ι <sub>κ</sub>  | 0.5       |     | 100 | mA   |



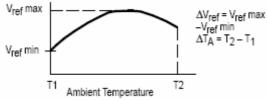
#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $(T_a = 25^{\circ}C, V_{KA} = V_{REF}, I_K = 10mA$  unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic   | Symbol                                 | Test Condition   | Min   | Тур          | Max          | Unit |
|--|--|--|-------|--------------|--------------|------|
| Reference Input Voltage  | V <sub>REF</sub>                       | $V_{KA} = V_{REF}, I_{K} = 10 \text{mA}$                               |       |              |              |      |
|  |  | TL431Z (2%)  | 2.440 | 2.495        | 2.550        |      |
|  |  | TL431Z-A (1%)  | 2.470 | 2.495        | 2.520        | V    |
|  |  | TL431Z-C (0.5%)  | 2.482 | 2.495        | 2.508        |      |
| Deviation of Reference Input<br>Voltage Over Full<br>Temperature Range               | $V_{REF(dev)}$                         | $T_{min} \leq Ta \leq T_{max}$   |       | 3            | 17           | MV   |
| Ratio of Change in<br>Reference Input Voltage to<br>the Change in Cathode<br>Voltage | $\frac{\Delta V_{REF}}{\Delta V_{KA}}$ | ΔV <sub>KA</sub> = 10V-V <sub>REF</sub><br>ΔV <sub>KA</sub> = 36V- 10V |       | -1.4<br>-1.0 | -2.7<br>-2.0 | mV/V |
| Reference Input Current  | I <sub>REF</sub>                       | R <sub>1</sub> = 10KΩ, R <sub>2</sub> = ∞                              |       | 1.8          | 4            | μA   |
| Deviation of Reference Input<br>Current Over Full<br>Temperature Range               | I <sub>REF(dev)</sub>                  | R <sub>1</sub> = 10KΩ, R <sub>2</sub> = ∞                              |       | 0.4          | 1.2          | μA   |
| Minimum Cathode Current for Regulation   | I <sub>K(min)</sub>                    |  |       | 0.25         | 0.5          | mA   |
| Off-State Cathode Current  | $I_{K(off)}$                           | $V_{KA} = 40 V, V_{REF} = 0$   |       | 0.17         | 0.9          | μA   |
| Dynamic Impedance  | Z <sub>KA</sub>                        | $I_{K}$ = 10mA to 100 mA , f $\leq$ 1.0KHz                             |       | 0.27         | 0.5          | Ω    |

Note :

1. The deviation parameter  $\Delta$ Vref is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum values obtained over the full operating ambient temperature range that applies



The average temperature coefficient of the reference input voltage, aVref is defined as:

$$\vee_{\text{ref}} \frac{\text{ppm}}{^{\circ}\text{C}} = \frac{\left(\frac{\Delta \vee_{\text{ref}}}{\vee_{\text{ref}} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C}}\right) \times 10^{6}}{\Delta T_{\text{A}}} = \frac{\Delta \vee_{\text{ref}} \times 10^{6}}{\Delta T_{\text{A}} (\vee_{\text{ref}} @ 25^{\circ}\text{C})}$$

 $\alpha$ Vref can be positive or negative depending on whether Vref Min or Vref Max occurs at the lower ambient temperature. (Refer to Figure 6.)

Example :  $\Delta V_{ref} = 8.0 \text{ mV}$  and slope is positive,

$$/_{ref} @ 25^{\circ}C = 2.495 \ V, \Delta T_{A} = 70^{\circ}C$$

$$x \vee_{ref} = \frac{0.008 \times 10^6}{70 (2.495)} = 45.8 \text{ ppm/}^{\circ}\text{C}$$

2. The dynamic impedance ZKA is defined as

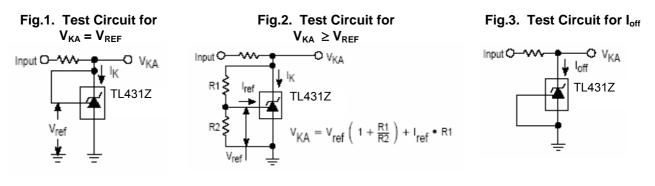
$$|Z_{KA}| = \frac{\Delta V_{KA}}{\Delta I_{K}}$$

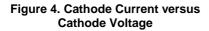
When the device is programmed with two external resistors, R1 and R2, (refer to Figure 2) the total dynamic impedance of the circuit is defined as:

$$|Z_{\mathsf{K}\mathsf{A}}'| \ \approx |Z_{\mathsf{K}\mathsf{A}}| \ \left( \ 1 + \frac{\mathsf{R}1}{\mathsf{R}2} \right)$$



#### **TEST CIRCUITS**





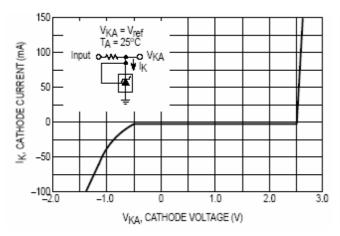


Figure 6. Reference Input Voltage versus **Ambient Temperature** 

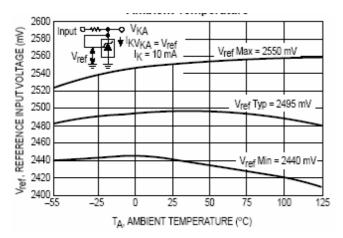


Figure 5. Cathode Current versus **Cathode Voltage** 

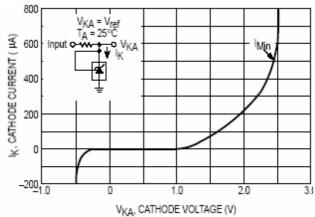
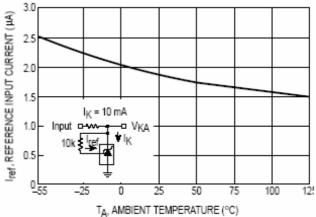


Figure 7. Reference Input Current versus **Ambient Temperature** 





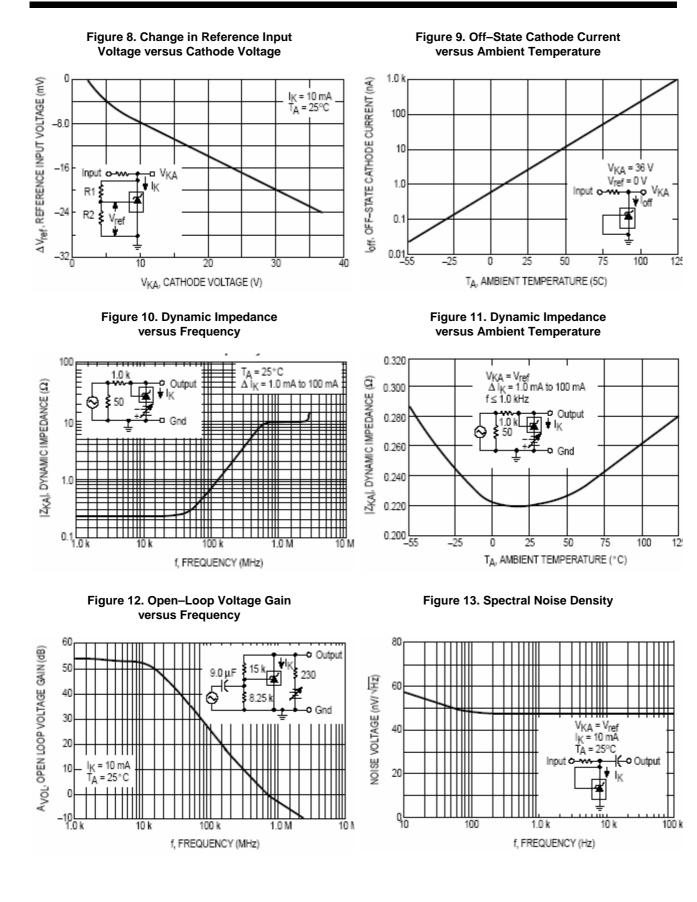




Figure 14. Pulse Response



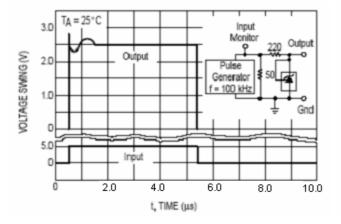
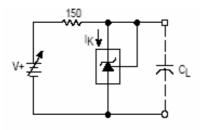


Figure 16. Test Circuit For Curve A of Stability Boundary Conditions



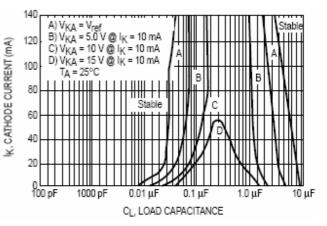
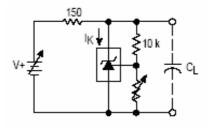


Figure 17. Test Circuit For Curves B, C, And D of Stability Boundary Conditions



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

Figure 18. Shunt Regulator

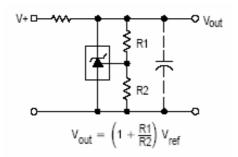
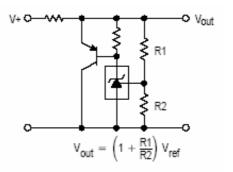


Figure 19. High Current Shunt Regulator





# Figure 20. Output Control for a Three–Terminal Fixed Regulator

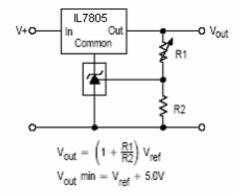


Figure 22. Constant Current Source

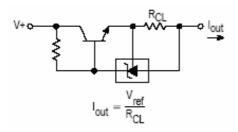


Figure 24. TRIAC Crowbar

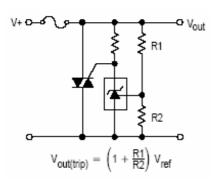


Figure 21. Series Pass Regulator

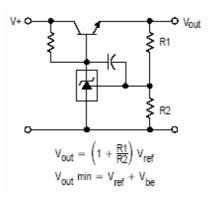


Figure 23. Constant Current Sink

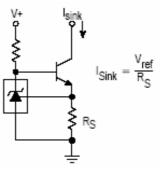


Figure 25. SRC Crowbar

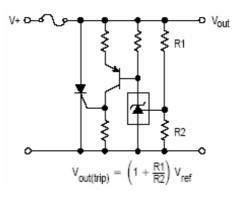




Figure 26. Voltage Monitor

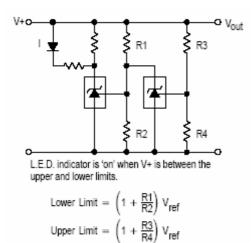


Figure 28. Linear Ohmmeter

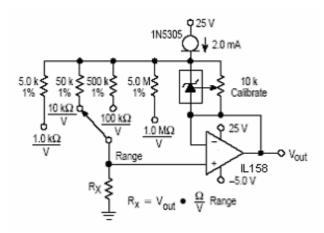
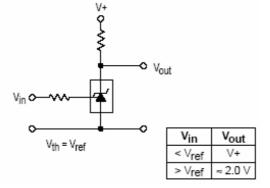
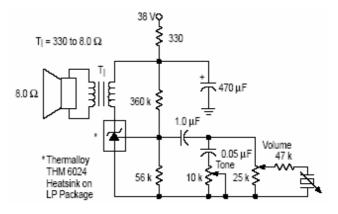


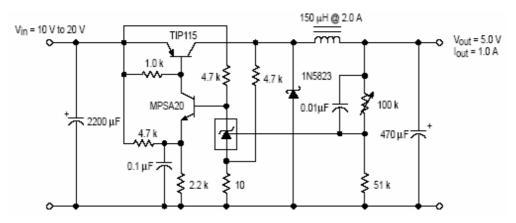
Figure 27. Single–Supply Comparator with Temperature–Compensated Threshold



#### Figure 29. Simple 400 mW Phono Amplifier



#### Figure 30. High Efficiency Step–Down Switching Converter



| Test            | Conditions   | Results           |
|-----------------|--|-------------------|
| Line Regulation | $V_{\mbox{in}}$ = 10 V to 20 V, $I_{\mbox{O}}$ = 1.0 A | 53 mV (1.1%)      |
| Load Regulation | $V_{in}$ = 15 V, I <sub>o</sub> = 0 A to 1.0 A         | 25 mV (0.5%)      |
| Output Ripple   | Vin = 10 V, Io = 1.0 A                                 | 50 mVpp P.A.R.D.  |
| Output Ripple   | V <sub>in</sub> = 20 V, I <sub>o</sub> = 1.0 A         | 100 mVpp P.A.R.D. |
| Efficiency      | Vin = 15 V, Io = 1.0 A                                 | 82%               |



#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

The TL431Z is a programmable precision reference which is used in a variety of ways. It serves as a reference voltage in circuits where a non-standard reference voltage is needed. Other uses include feedback control for driving an optocoupler in power supplies, voltage monitor, constant current source, constant current sink and series pass regulator. In each of these applications, it is critical to maintain stability of the device at various operating currents and load capacitances. In some cases the circuit designer can estimate the stabilization capacitance from the stability boundary conditions curve provided in Figure 15. However, these typical curves only provide stability information at specific cathode voltages and at a specific load condition.

Additional information is needed to determine the capacitance needed to optimize phase margin or allow for process variation. A simplified model of the TL431Z is shown in Figure 31. When tested for stability boundaries, the load resistance is 150 Ω. The model reference input consists of an input transistor and a dc emitter resistance connected to the device anode. A dependent current source, Gm, develops a current whose amplidute is determined by the difference between the 1.78 V internal reference voltage source and the input transistor emitter voltage. A portion of Gm flows through compensation capacitance, CP2. The voltage across CP2 drives the output dependent current source, Go, which is connected across the device cathode and anode. nt values are:

Vref = 1.78 V

 $Gm = 0.3 + 2.7 \exp(-I_C/26 mA)$ 

where  $I_C$  is the device cathode current and Gm is in mhos

Go = 1.25 (Vcp<sup>2</sup>)  $\mu$ mhos.

Resistor and capacitor typical values are shown on the model. Process tolerances are ±20% for resistors, ±10% for capacitors, and  $\pm 40\%$  for transconductances.

An examination of the device model reveals the location of circuit poles and zeroes:

P1 = 
$$\frac{1}{2\pi R_{GM} C_{P1}} = \frac{1}{2\pi * 1.0 M * 20 pF} = 7.96 \text{ kHz}$$
  
P2 =  $\frac{1}{2\pi R_{P2} C_{P2}} = \frac{1}{2\pi * 10 M * 0.265 pF} = 60 \text{ kHz}$ 

Z1 = 
$$\frac{1}{2\pi R_{Z1}C_{P1}} = \frac{1}{2\pi * 15.9 \text{ k} * 20 \text{ pF}} = 500 \text{ kHz}$$

In addition, there is an external circuit pole defined by the load:

$$P_{L} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{I}C_{I}}$$

Also, the transfer dc voltage gain of the TL431Z is:

$$G = G_M R_{GM} G_0 R_I$$

Example 1:

 $\rm I_C$  = 10 mA,  $\rm R_L$  = 230  $\Omega, \rm C_L$  = 0. Define the transfer gain.

The DC gain is:

$$G = G_M R_{GM} GoR_L =$$
  
(2.138)(1.0 M)(1.25  $\mu$ )(230) = 615 = 56 dB

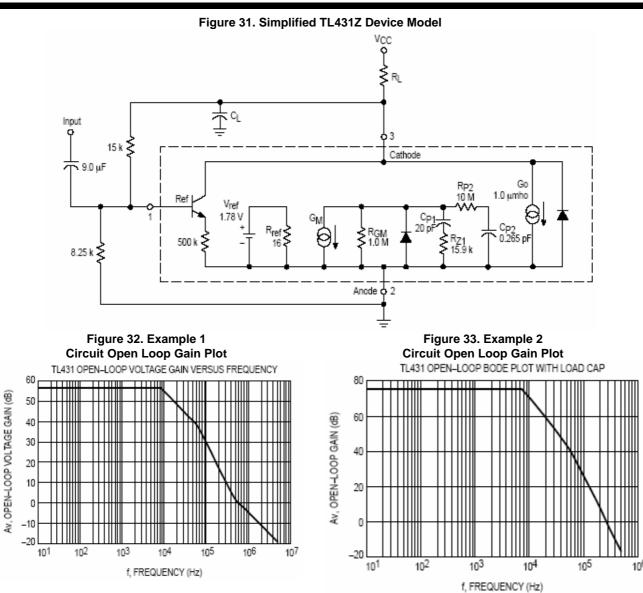
Loop gain = G 
$$\frac{8.25 \text{ k}}{8.25 \text{ k} + 15 \text{ k}} = 218 = 47 \text{ dB}$$

The resulting transfer function Bode plot is shown in Figure 32. The asymptotic plot may be expressed as the following equation:

$$Av = 615 \frac{\left(\frac{1 + jf}{500 \text{ kHz}}\right)}{\left(\frac{1 + jf}{8.0 \text{ kHz}}\right)\left(\frac{1 + jf}{60 \text{ kHz}}\right)}$$

The Bode plot shows a unity gain crossover frequency of approximately 600 kHz. The phase margin, calculated from the equation, would be 55.9 degrees. This model matches the Open-Loop Bode Plot of Figure 12. The total loop would have a unity gain frequency of about 300 kHz with a phase margin of about 44 degrees.





Example 2.

 $I_{C}$  = 7.5 mA,  $R_{L}$  = 2.2 k $\Omega$ ,  $C_{L}$  = 0.01  $\mu$ F.

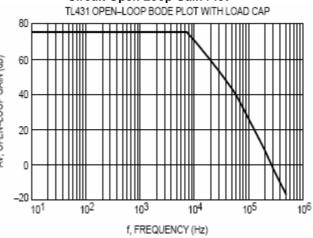
Cathode tied to reference input pin. An examination of the data sheet stability boundary curve (Figure 15) shows that this value of load capacitance and cathode current is on the boundary. Define the transfer gain. The DC gain is:

 $G = G_M R_{GM} Go R_L =$  $(2.323)(1.0 \text{ M})(1.25 \mu)(2200) = 6389 = 76 \text{ dB}$ 

The resulting open loop Bode plot is shown in Figure 33. The asymptotic plot may be expressed as the following equation:

$$Av = 615 \frac{\left(\frac{1+jf}{500 \text{ kHz}}\right)}{\left(\frac{1+jf}{8.0 \text{ kHz}}\right)\left(\frac{1+jf}{60 \text{ kHz}}\right)\left(\frac{1+jf}{7.2 \text{ kHz}}\right)}$$

Note that the transfer function now has an extra pole formed by the load capacitance and load resistance. Note that the crossover frequency in this case is about 250 kHz, having a phase margin of about -46 degrees. Therefore, instability of this circuit is likely.

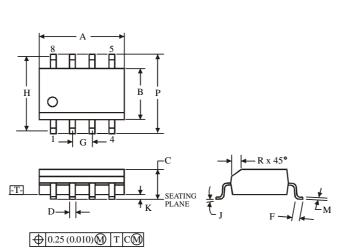


With three poles, this system is unstable. The only hope for stabilizing this circuit is to add a zero. However, that can only be done by adding a series resistance to the output capacitance, which will reduce its effectiveness as a noise filter. Therefore, practically, in reference voltage applications, the best solution appears to be to use a smaller value of capacitance in low noise applications or a very large value to provide noise filtering and a dominant pole rolloff of the system.



## **Package Dimensions**

D SUFFIX SOIC (MS - 012AA)



#### NOTES:

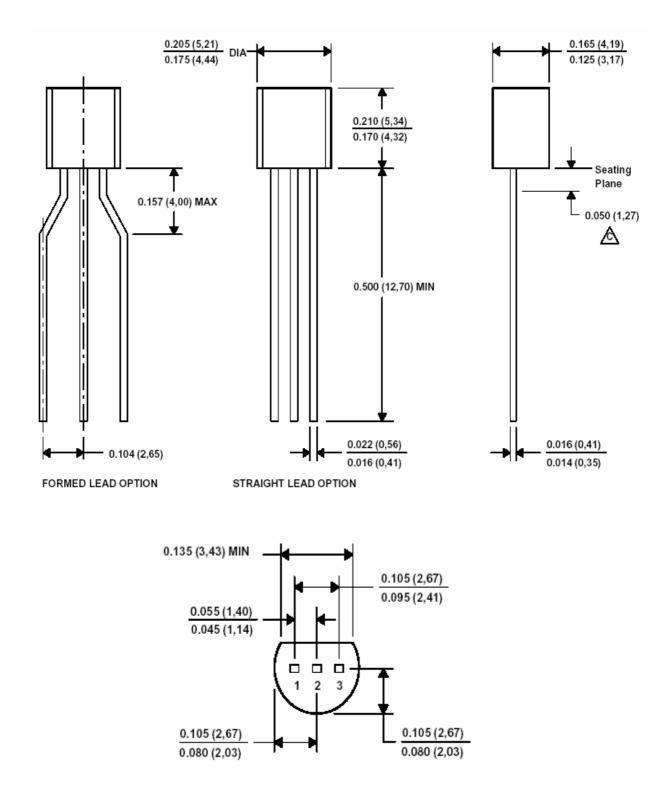
- 1. Dimensions A and B do not include mold flash or protrusion.
- 2. Maximum mold flash or protrusion 0.15 mm (0.006) per side for A; for B 0.25 mm (0.010) per side.



|        | l             |      |  |
|--------|---------------|------|--|
|        | Dimension, mm |      |  |
| Symbol | MIN           | MAX  |  |
| Α      | 4.80          | 5.00 |  |
| В      | 3.80          | 4.00 |  |
| С      | 1.35          | 1.75 |  |
| D      | 0.33          | 0.51 |  |
| F      | 0.40          | 1.27 |  |
| G      | 1.27          |      |  |
| Н      | 5             | .72  |  |
| J      | 0°            | 8°   |  |
| K      | 0.10          | 0.25 |  |
| М      | 0.19          | 0.25 |  |
| Р      | 5.80          | 6.20 |  |
| R      | 0.25          | 0.50 |  |

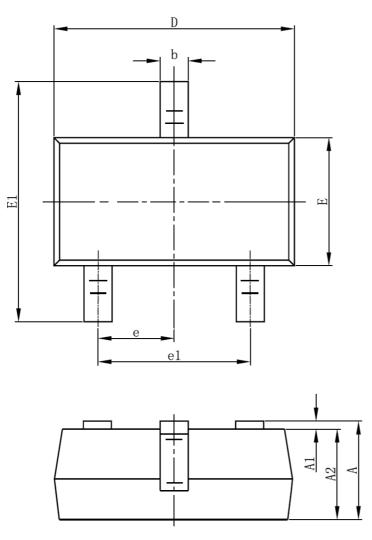


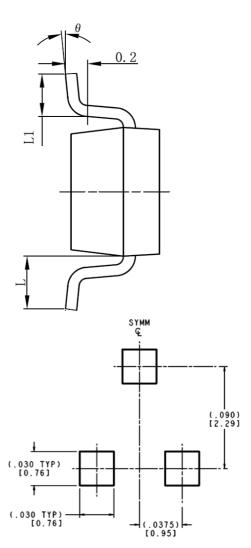
**TO-92** 





## SOT-23-3L PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



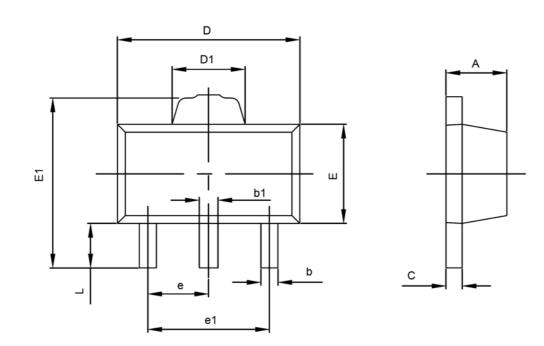


LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION

| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| Symbol | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Мах   |
| A      | 1.050                     | 1.250 | 0.041                | 0.049 |
| A1     | 0.000                     | 0.100 | 0.000                | 0.004 |
| A2     | 1.050                     | 1.150 | 0.041                | 0.045 |
| b      | 0.300                     | 0.400 | 0.012                | 0.016 |
| С      | 0.100                     | 0.200 | 0.004                | 0.008 |
| D      | 2.820                     | 3.020 | 0.111                | 0.119 |
| E      | 1.500                     | 1.700 | 0.059                | 0.067 |
| E1     | 2.650                     | 2.950 | 0.104                | 0.116 |
| е      | 0.950                     | DTYP  | 0.03                 | 7TYP  |
| e1     | 1.800                     | 2.000 | 0.071                | 0.079 |
| L      | 0.700REF                  |       | 0.028REF             |       |
| L1     | 0.300                     | 0.600 | 0.012                | 0.024 |
| θ      | 0°                        | 8°    | 0°                   | 8°    |



## SOT-89-3L PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters |       | Dimensions In Inches |       |
|--------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
|        | Min                       | Max   | Min                  | Мах   |
| А      | 1.400                     | 1.600 | 0.055                | 0.063 |
| b      | 0.320                     | 0.520 | 0.013                | 0.020 |
| b1     | 0.360                     | 0.560 | 0.014                | 0.022 |
| с      | 0.350                     | 0.440 | 0.014                | 0.017 |
| D      | 4.400                     | 4.600 | 0.173                | 0.181 |
| D1     | 1.400                     | 1.800 | 0.055                | 0.071 |
| E      | 2.300                     | 2.600 | 0.091                | 0.102 |
| E1     | 3.940                     | 4.250 | 0.155                | 0.167 |
| е      | 1.500TYP                  |       | 0.060TYP             |       |
| e1     | 2.900                     | 3.100 | 0.114                | 0.122 |
| L      | 0.900                     | 1.100 | 0.035                | 0.043 |

